identification and rehabilitation rests with the State Governments. Funds for rehabilitation are released as and when requirements are received to this effect from any State Governments. No year-wise and State-wise targets are fixed in this regard.

Labour Force Survey

1920. SHRI C. RAMACHANDRAIAH: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the labour force surveys conducted by the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) for Andhra Pradesh;

(b) the unemployment rate as per the usual status Approach during 1999-2000 and 2000-2001;

(c) the labour force in rural and urban areas in the State;

(d) whether a large scale migration taking place from rural to urban areas in search of employment in the State; and

(e) if so, the reasons therefor and the preventive measures to arrest the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI MUNI LALL): (a) to (c) As per the labour force survey carried out by National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) during 1999-2000, the percentage of persons in the labour force, the percentage of persons in the work force and the unemployment rate as per the usual Status Approach for the State of Andhra Pradesh were as follows:

	Rural %	Urban %
Labour Force Work	54.6	36.2
Force Unemployment	52.1	33.7
Rate	0.8	3.9

(d) and (e) In Andhra Pradesh, out of the total migrant population from rural areas about 1.7% migrated in search of

employment as against 3.9% for the urban migrants as per National Sample Survey Report No. 470: Migration in India 1999-2000.

Implementation of Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986

†1921. SHRI KRIPAL PARMAR: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the fact that Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 passed by the Parliament has not been enforced till date;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) whether it is illustrative of the negligent attitude of Government towards child labourers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI MUNI LALL): (a) The Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986 prohibits employment of children below the age of 14 years in Occupations and Processes listed in the Schedule to the Act. With view to making the Act more stringent the Schedule has been enlarged in 1999 and 2000 to include several Occupations and Processes bringing the total number to 13 and 57 respectively. The Central Government is responsibile for enforcement of the Act, in Railways, major ports, mines, oil fields and establishments under the control of the Central Government. In all other cases, State/UT Govenrments are responsible for enforcement of the Act. Employers found employing children in occupations and processes prohibited under the Act are prosecuted under the provisions of the Act. State/ UT Governments furnish information to the Central Government on implementation of the provisions of the Act in the form of periodical returns.

(b) and (c) In view of the above, do not arise.

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.